

CITY OF LOYALTON

COUNTY OF SIERRA
605 SCHOOL STREET
P.O. BOX 128
LOYALTON, CALIFORNIA 96118
(530) 993-6750
cityofloyalton@digitalpath.net



OFFICE OF THE MAYOR

AGENDA FOR THE SPECIAL MEETING OF THE LOYALTON CITY COUNCIL 6:00 P.M. – CITY HALL AUDITORIUM 605 SCHOOL STREET SEPTEMBER 6TH, 2018 LOYALTON, CA.

AGENDA AND PACKET AVAILABLE ON CITY WEB SITE cityofloyalton.org

**NEXT ORDINANCE #421
NEXT RESOLUTION #7-2018**

CALL TO ORDER:

PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE

ROLL CALL:

APPROVAL OF AGENDA:

ANNOUNCEMENTS:

PUBLIC COMMENT:

**A SPECIAL MEETING IS BEING HELD TO CONDUCT THE FOLLOWING
BUSINESS:**

1. Discussion and Possible action regarding adoption of Urgency Ordinance 421 of The City of Loyalton prohibiting all commercial cannabis activity (Both medical And Non-Medical) Except for deliveries of Medical Cannabis and Finding the Ordinance exempt from the California Environmental Quality Act.

ADJOURNMENT

ORDINANCE NO.

AN URGENCY ORDINANCE OF THE CITY OF LOYALTON PROHIBITING ALL
COMMERCIAL CANNABIS ACTIVITY (BOTH MEDICAL AND NON-MEDICAL)
EXCEPT FOR DELIVERIES OF MEDICAL CANNABIS AND FINDING THE ORDINANCE
EXEMPT FROM THE CALIFORNIA ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY ACT

NOW, THEREFORE, THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF LOYALTON DOES ORDAIN
AS FOLLOWS:

SECTION 1. Findings and Purpose.

A. The City of Loyalton, California (the “City”) is a municipal corporation, duly organized under the constitution and laws of the State of California.

B. On November 8, 2016, California voters approved the Control, Regulate and Tax Adult Use of Marijuana Act (“AUMA”). The AUMA added Division 10 to the California Business and Professions Code, sections 26000, et seq., which grants State agencies the authority to create, issue, renew, discipline, suspend, or revoke licenses for cannabis businesses. The AUMA provides that the State shall begin issuing licenses to cannabis businesses under Division 10 of the California Business and Professions Code by January 1, 2018. California Business and Professions Code section 2605 5(e) provides that a State licensing authority shall not approve an application for a State license for commercial non-medical cannabis activity if approval of the State license will violate the provisions of any local ordinance.

C. On October 9, 2015, Governor Brown signed Assembly Bill No. 243, Assembly Bill No. 266, and Senate Bill 643 into law, which were collectively known as the Medical Cannabis Regulation and Safety Act (hereinafter “MCRSA”). The MCRSA established a State licensing scheme for commercial medical cannabis uses, while protecting local control by requiring that all such businesses have a local license or permit to operate in addition to a State license. The MCRSA allowed the City to completely prohibit commercial medical cannabis activities.

D. On June 27, 2017, the Governor signed into law Senate Bill 94 which repealed the MCRSA, included certain provisions of the MCRSA in the licensing provisions of the AUMA, and created a single regulatory scheme for both medical and non-medical cannabis known as the Medicinal and Adult-Use Cannabis Regulation and Safety Act (“MAUCRSA”). The MAUCRSA retains the provisions in the MCRSA and the AUMA that granted local jurisdictions control over whether commercial cannabis activity could occur in a particular jurisdiction. Specifically, California Business and Professions Code section 26200 provides that the MAUCRSA shall not be interpreted to supersede or limit the authority of a local jurisdiction to adopt and enforce local ordinances that completely prohibit the establishment or operation of one or more businesses

licensed under the State, within that local jurisdiction. Furthermore, the MAUCRSA provides that a State licensing authority shall not approve an application for a State license for a business to engage in commercial cannabis activity if approval of the State license will violate the provisions of any local ordinance or regulation. The MAUCRSA requires that a State licensing authority begin issuing licenses to marijuana businesses beginning January 1, 2018.

E. On September 6, 2018, the City Council of the City of Loyaltan held a public meeting on the proposed Ordinance, at which time all persons interested in the proposed Ordinance had the opportunity and did address the City Council on these matters.

H. All legal prerequisites to the adoption of this Ordinance have occurred.

SECTION 2. The City Council of the City of Loyaltan hereby adds Chapter 5.16 (Cannabis Prohibitions and Regulations) to Part 5 (Business Licenses and Regulations) to read as follows:

“CHAPTER 5.16 CANNABIS PROHIBITIONS AND REGULATIONS

Section 5.16.010: Purpose

Section 5.16.020: Definitions

Section 5.16.030: Prohibited Uses and Activities

Section 5.16.040: Exceptions

Section 5.16.050: Violation, Penalty

5.16.010 Purpose

A. The purpose and intent of this chapter is for the City Council to exercise its police powers derived from Section 7 of Article XI of the California Constitution and State law to promote and preserve the health, safety, and general welfare of the residents and businesses of the City of Loyaltan.

B. The further purpose and intent of this Chapter is to expressly prohibit commercial cannabis activities in the City.

C. Nothing in this chapter is intended to impair any defenses available under the applicable state law. Nothing in this section is intended to authorize any use, possession, cultivation, manufacture, transportation, or distribution of marijuana in violation of state law.

5.16.020 Definitions

For purposes of this chapter, the following definitions shall apply.

A. "Cannabis" means all parts of the plant *Cannabis sativa* Linnaeus, *Cannabis indica*, or *Cannabis ruderalis*, whether growing or not; the seeds thereof; the resin, whether crude or purified, extracted from any part of the plant; and every compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or preparation of the plant, its seeds, or resin.

"Cannabis" also means the separated resin, whether crude or purified, obtained from cannabis.

"Cannabis" includes cannabis that is used for medical, non-medical, or other purposes.

"Cannabis" does not include the mature stalks of the plant, fiber produced from the stalks, oil or cake made from the seeds of the plant, any other compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or preparation of the mature stalks (except the resin extracted therefrom), fiber, oil, or cake, or the sterilized seed of the plant which is incapable of germination. "Cannabis" also does not include industrial hemp, as defined in California Health and Safety Code section 11018.5.

B. "Cannabis accessories" means any equipment, products or materials of any kind which is intended for use, or designed for use in planting, propagating, cultivating, growing, harvesting, manufacturing, compounding, converting, producing, processing, preparing, testing, analyzing, packaging, repackaging, storing, smoking, vaporizing, or containing cannabis, or for ingesting, inhaling, or otherwise introducing cannabis or cannabis products into the human body.

C. "Cannabis product" means cannabis that has undergone a process whereby the plant material has been transformed into a concentrate, including, but not limited to, concentrated cannabis, or an edible or topical product containing cannabis or concentrated cannabis and other ingredients.

D. "Commercial cannabis activity" means the cultivation, possession, manufacture, distribution, processing, storing, laboratory testing, packaging, labeling, transportation, delivery or sale of cannabis and cannabis product for medical, non-medical, or any other purpose and includes the activities of any business licensed by the State or other government entity under Division 10 of the California Business and Professions Code, or any provision of State law that regulates the licensing of cannabis businesses.

E. "Concentrated cannabis" means manufactured cannabis that has undergone a process to concentrate one or more active cannabinoids, thereby increasing the product's potency. Resin from granular trichomes from a cannabis plant is a concentrate.

F. "Cultivation" means any activity involving the planting, growing, harvesting, drying, curing, grading, or trimming of cannabis.

G. "Delivery" means the commercial transfer of cannabis or cannabis products to a customer. "Delivery" also includes the use by a retailer of any technology platform owned and controlled by the retailer.

H. "Distribution" means the procurement, sale, and transport of cannabis and cannabis products between entities licensed under Division 10 of the California Business and Professions Code, as they may be amended from time to time.

I. "Manufacture" means to compound, blend, extract, infuse, or otherwise make or prepare a cannabis product.

J. "MAUCRSA" means the Medicinal and Adult-Use Cannabis Regulation and Safety Act as codified in Division 10 of the Business and Professions Code, as the same may be amended from time to time.

K. "Private residence" means a house, an apartment unit, condominium, or other similar dwelling that is lawfully used as a residence.

5.16.030 Prohibited Uses and Activities

A. Commercial cannabis activity, whether or not for profit, is prohibited in all zones, within the jurisdictional limits of the City and within the entire physical boundary of the City. No person, including without limitation, a natural person, joint venture, joint stock company, partnership, association, club, company, corporation, limited liability company, business trust, organization, cooperative, and collective, and any manager, lessee, agent, servant, officer or employee thereof, shall establish, operate, maintain, conduct, allow, or engage in commercial cannabis activity anywhere within the City. To the extent that this prohibition conflicts with any other provision of this Municipal Code, this prohibition will control.

B. A property owner shall not rent, lease or otherwise permit any person or business that engages in commercial cannabis activity to occupy real property in the City. A property owner shall not allow any person or business to establish, operate, maintain, conduct, or engage in commercial cannabis activity on any real property owned or controlled by that property owner that is located in the City.

C. Subsection A above shall prohibit all activities for which a State license is required pursuant to the MAUCRSA, as the same may be amended from time to time. Accordingly, the City shall not issue any permit, license or other entitlement for any activity for which a State license is required under the MAUCRSA, as the same may be amended from time to time. The City shall also not issue any local license to a non-profit entity pursuant to California Business and Professions Code section 26070.5.

D. To the extent not already prohibited by subsection A above, all deliveries of cannabis or cannabis products for non-medical purposes, to or from any location are expressly prohibited. No person shall conduct or perform any delivery of any cannabis or cannabis products for a non-medical purpose, which delivery either originates or terminates within the City. This subsection shall not prohibit any person from transporting cannabis through the jurisdictional limits of the

City for delivery or distribution to a person located outside the City, where such transport does not involve delivery or distribution within the jurisdictional limits of the City.

5.16.040 Exceptions

A. Notwithstanding Section 5.16.030 above, the delivery of medical cannabis from a business located outside the City and licensed under the MAUCRSA, or any other provision of law that permits State licenses for medical cannabis businesses, shall be permitted into the City.

B. To the extent that the following activities are permitted by State law, nothing in this chapter shall prohibit a person 21 years of age or older from:

1. Possessing, processing, purchasing, transporting, obtaining or giving away to persons 21 years of age or older, without compensation whatsoever, not more than 28.5 grams of cannabis not in the form of concentrated cannabis;

2. Possessing, processing, purchasing, transporting, obtaining or giving away to persons 21 years of age or older, without compensation whatsoever, up to eight grams of cannabis in the form of concentrated cannabis;

3. Smoking or ingesting cannabis or cannabis products except as prohibited by California Health and Safety Code section 11362.3;

4. Possessing, transporting, purchasing, obtaining, using, manufacturing, or giving away cannabis accessories to persons 21 years of age or older without compensation whatsoever; or

5. Engaging in the cultivation of six or fewer live cannabis plants upon a single parcel of real property.

C. This chapter shall also not prohibit any commercial cannabis activity that the City is required by State law to permit within its jurisdiction pursuant to the MAUCRSA.

5.16.050 Violation, Penalty

Any commercial cannabis activity or activity conducted in violation of this chapter is unlawful and is hereby declared a public nuisance, which may be abated pursuant to the provisions of the Loyalton Municipal Code or any provision of State law providing for the abatement of nuisances. In addition to any other enforcement permitted by this Section 5.16.050 or of any other provision of the Loyalton Municipal Code, the city attorney or district attorney may bring a civil action for injunctive relief and civil penalties against any person or entity that violates this chapter. In any civil action brought pursuant to this chapter, a court of competent jurisdiction may award reasonable attorneys' fees and costs to the prevailing party.

Notwithstanding the penalties set forth in any other provision of the Loyalton Municipal Code, no provision of any other provision of the Loyalton Municipal Code or this Chapter 5.16

authorizes a criminal prosecution, arrest or penalty inconsistent with or prohibited by Health and Safety Code section 11362.71, et seq. or section 11362.1, et seq., as the same may be amended from time to time. In the event of any conflict between the penalties enumerated under any other provision of the Loyalton Municipal Code and any penalties set forth in State law, the maximum penalties allowable under State law shall govern.”

SECTION 3. The Ordinance has been assessed in accordance with the authority and criteria contained in the California Environmental Quality Act (“CEQA”), the State CEQA Guidelines, and the environmental regulations of the City. The City Council hereby determines that the adoption and implementation of the Ordinance is eligible for a class 5 categorical exemption for minor changes in land use limitations and will not have a significant environmental impact. The Ordinance is exempt from the environmental review requirements of CEQA pursuant to Section 15305 of Title 14 of the California Code of Regulations. The City Council hereby determines further that the Ordinance is exempt from the requirements of CEQA pursuant to CEQA Guidelines Section 15061(b)(3) because it can be seen with certainty that there is no possibility that the adoption and implementation of the Ordinance to prohibit commercial cannabis activity except for the delivery of medical cannabis will have a significant effect on the environment. The adoption and implementation of the Ordinance will not result in a permanent alteration of property nor the construction of any new or expanded structures. The City Council has made this determination of exemption based on its own independent judgment. The City Council, therefore, directs that a Notice of Exemption be filed with the County Clerk of the County of Sierra in accordance with CEQA Guidelines.

SECTION 4. Severability. If any section, subsection, subdivision, sentence, clause, phrase, or portion of this Ordinance for any reason is held to be invalid or unconstitutional by the decision of any court of competent jurisdiction, such decision shall not affect the validity of the remaining portions of this Ordinance. The City Council hereby declares that it would have adopted this Ordinance, and each section, subsection, subdivision, sentence, clause, phrase, or portion thereof, irrespective of the fact that any one or more sections, subsections, subdivisions, sentences, clauses, phrases, or portions thereof be declared invalid or unconstitutional.

SECTION 5. Restatement of Existing Law. The adoption of this Ordinance shall not in any manner affect the prosecution for violations of ordinances, which violations were committed prior to the effective date hereof, nor be construed as a waiver of any penalty or the penal provisions applicable to any violation thereof.

SECTION 6. Publication. The City Clerk shall cause this Ordinance to be published at least once in a newspaper of general circulation published and circulated in the City within fifteen (15) days after its passage in accordance with Section 36933 of the Government Code, shall certify to the adoption of this Ordinance and shall cause this Ordinance and the City Clerk’s certification, together with proof of publication, to be entered in the Book of Ordinances of the Council of this City.

SECTION 7. Declaration of Facts Supporting Urgency Ordinance. This Ordinance is adopted under the authority of Sections 36934 and 36937 of the California Government Code. The AUMA provides that the State shall begin issuing licenses to cannabis businesses under Division 10 of the California Business and Professions Code by January 1, 2018 and the State has begun to issue such licenses. California Business and Professions Code section 26055(e) provides that a State licensing authority shall not approve an application for a State license for commercial non-medical cannabis activity if approval of the State license will violate the provisions of any local ordinance. The MMRSA allows the City to completely prohibit commercial medical marijuana activities. Alternatively, a city may choose to regulate medical marijuana uses along with the State (although the city ordinances must be as strict) or to leave regulation to the State. In the absence of this Ordinance, the City of Loyalton would be required to follow State regulations for medical and non-medical, adult use cannabis activities; consequently, the absence of this Ordinance may pose an immediate public safety threat to health, safety and welfare of the children and others within the City. In the absence of the immediate effect of this Ordinance, the safety of children and other potential victims within the City will be threatened or imperiled. For these same reasons, the character of the City may be forever altered and property values would also be substantially impacted. Therefore, the City Council finds, determines and declares that the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, safety and welfare necessitates the enactment of this Ordinance as an urgency ordinance.

SECTION 8. Effective Date. This Ordinance shall go into effect and be in full force and effect immediately after its passage by 4/5 vote of the City Council.

Introduced, passed and adopted at a special meeting of the City Council held on the 6th day of September 2018, by the City Council of the City of Loyalton, State of California, by the following roll call vote, to-wit:

AYES:

NOES:

ABSTAIN:

ABSENT:

CITY OF LOYALTON

, Mayor

APPROVED AS TO FORM:

Steven C. Gross, City Attorney

ATTEST:

, City Clerk

ORDINANCE NO.

AN URGENCY ORDINANCE OF THE CITY OF LOYALTON PROHIBITING ALL
COMMERCIAL CANNABIS ACTIVITY (BOTH MEDICAL AND NON-MEDICAL)
EXCEPT FOR DELIVERIES OF MEDICAL CANNABIS AND FINDING THE ORDINANCE
EXEMPT FROM THE CALIFORNIA ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY ACT

NOW, THEREFORE, THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF LOYALTON DOES ORDAIN
AS FOLLOWS:

SECTION 1. Findings and Purpose.

A. The City of Loyalton, California (the "City") is a municipal corporation, duly organized under the constitution and laws of the State of California.

B. On November 8, 2016, California voters approved the Control, Regulate and Tax Adult Use of Marijuana Act ("AUMA"). The AUMA added Division 10 to the California Business and Professions Code, sections 26000, et seq., which grants State agencies the authority to create, issue, renew, discipline, suspend, or revoke licenses for cannabis businesses. The AUMA provides that the State shall begin issuing licenses to cannabis businesses under Division 10 of the California Business and Professions Code by January 1, 2018. California Business and Professions Code section 2605 5(e) provides that a State licensing authority shall not approve an application for a State license for commercial non-medical cannabis activity if approval of the State license will violate the provisions of any local ordinance.

C. On October 9, 2015, Governor Brown signed Assembly Bill No. 243, Assembly Bill No. 266, and Senate Bill 643 into law, which were collectively known as the Medical Cannabis Regulation and Safety Act (hereinafter "MCRSA"). The MCRSA established a State licensing scheme for commercial medical cannabis uses, while protecting local control by requiring that all such businesses have a local license or permit to operate in addition to a State license. The MCRSA allowed the City to completely prohibit commercial medical cannabis activities.

D. On June 27, 2017, the Governor signed into law Senate Bill 94 which repealed the MCRSA, included certain provisions of the MCRSA in the licensing provisions of the AUMA, and created a single regulatory scheme for both medical and non-medical cannabis known as the Medicinal and Adult-Use Cannabis Regulation and Safety Act ("MAUCRSA"). The MAUCRSA retains the provisions in the MCRSA and the AUMA that granted local jurisdictions control over whether commercial cannabis activity could occur in a particular jurisdiction. Specifically, California Business and Professions Code section 26200 provides that the MAUCRSA shall not be interpreted to supersede or limit the authority of a local jurisdiction to adopt and enforce local ordinances that completely prohibit the establishment or operation of one or more businesses

licensed under the State, within that local jurisdiction. Furthermore, the MAUCRSA provides that a State licensing authority shall not approve an application for a State license for a business to engage in commercial cannabis activity if approval of the State license will violate the provisions of any local ordinance or regulation. The MAUCRSA requires that a State licensing authority begin issuing licenses to marijuana businesses beginning January 1, 2018.

E. On September ~~6~~, 2018, the City Council of the City of Loyaltan held a public meeting on the proposed Ordinance, at which time all persons interested in the proposed Ordinance had the opportunity and did address the City Council on these matters.

H. All legal prerequisites to the adoption of this Ordinance have occurred.

SECTION 2. The City Council of the City of Loyaltan hereby adds Chapter 5.16 (Cannabis Prohibitions and Regulations) to Part 5 (Business Licenses and Regulations) to read as follows:

“CHAPTER 5.16 CANNABIS PROHIBITIONS AND REGULATIONS

Section 5.16.010: Purpose

Section 5.16.020: Definitions

Section 5.16.030: Prohibited Uses and Activities

Section 5.16.040: Exceptions

Section 5.16.050: Violation, Penalty

5.16.010 Purpose

A. The purpose and intent of this ~~C~~chapter is for the City Council to exercise its police powers derived from Section 7 of Article XI of the California Constitution and State law to promote and preserve the health, safety, and general welfare of the residents and businesses of the City of Loyaltan.

B. The further purpose and intent of this ~~C~~chapter is to expressly prohibit ~~the establishment of~~ commercial cannabis ~~uses activities~~ in the City.

C. Nothing in this ~~C~~chapter is intended to impair any defenses available under the applicable state law. Nothing in this section is intended to authorize any use, possession, cultivation, manufacture, transportation, or distribution of marijuana in violation of state law.

5.16.020 Definitions

For purposes of this chapter, the following definitions shall apply.

A. "Cannabis" means all parts of the plant *Cannabis sativa* Linnaeus, *Cannabis indica*, or *Cannabis ruderalis*, whether growing or not; the seeds thereof; the resin, whether crude or purified, extracted from any part of the plant; and every compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or preparation of the plant, its seeds, or resin.

"Cannabis" also means the separated resin, whether crude or purified, obtained from cannabis.

"Cannabis" includes cannabis that is used for medical, non-medical, or other purposes.

"Cannabis" does not include the mature stalks of the plant, fiber produced from the stalks, oil or cake made from the seeds of the plant, any other compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or preparation of the mature stalks (except the resin extracted therefrom), fiber, oil, or cake, or the sterilized seed of the plant which is incapable of germination. "Cannabis" also does not include industrial hemp, as defined in California Health and Safety Code section 11018.5.

B. "Cannabis accessories" means any equipment, products or materials of any kind which is intended for use, or designed for use in planting, propagating, cultivating, growing, harvesting, manufacturing, compounding, converting, producing, processing, preparing, testing, analyzing, packaging, repackaging, storing, smoking, vaporizing, or containing cannabis, or for ingesting, inhaling, or otherwise introducing cannabis or cannabis products into the human body.

C. "Cannabis product" means cannabis that has undergone a process whereby the plant material has been transformed into a concentrate, including, but not limited to, concentrated cannabis, or an edible or topical product containing cannabis or concentrated cannabis and other ingredients.

D. "Commercial cannabis activity" means the cultivation, possession, manufacture, distribution, processing, storing, laboratory testing, packaging, labeling, transportation, delivery or sale of cannabis and cannabis product for medical, non-medical, or any other purpose and includes the activities of any business licensed by the State or other government entity under Division 10 of the California Business and Professions Code, or any provision of State law that regulates the licensing of cannabis businesses.

E. "Concentrated cannabis" means manufactured cannabis that has undergone a process to concentrate one or more active cannabinoids, thereby increasing the product's potency. Resin from granular trichomes from a cannabis plant is a concentrate.

F. "Cultivation" means any activity involving the planting, growing, harvesting, drying, curing, grading, or trimming of cannabis.

G. "Delivery" means the commercial transfer of cannabis or cannabis products to a customer. "Delivery" also includes the use by a retailer of any technology platform owned and controlled by the retailer.

H. "Distribution" means the procurement, sale, and transport of cannabis and cannabis products between entities licensed under Division 10 of the California Business and Professions Code, as they may be amended from time to time.

I. "Manufacture" means to compound, blend, extract, infuse, or otherwise make or prepare a cannabis product.

J. "MAUCRSA" means the Medicinal and Adult-Use Cannabis Regulation and Safety Act as codified in Division 10 of the Business and Professions Code, as the same may be amended from time to time.

K. "Private residence" means a house, an apartment unit, condominium, or other similar dwelling that is lawfully used as a residence.

5.16.030 Prohibited Uses and Activities

A. Commercial cannabis activity, whether or not for profit, is prohibited in all zones, within the jurisdictional limits of the City and within the entire physical boundary of the City. No person, including without limitation, a natural person, joint venture, joint stock company, partnership, association, club, company, corporation, limited liability company, business trust, organization, cooperative, and collective, and any manager, lessee, agent, servant, officer or employee thereof, shall establish, operate, maintain, conduct, allow, or engage in commercial cannabis activity anywhere within the City. To the extent that this prohibition conflicts with any other provision of this Municipal Code, this prohibition will control.

B. A property owner shall not rent, lease or otherwise permit any person or business that engages in commercial cannabis activity to occupy real property in the City. A property owner shall not allow any person or business to establish, operate, maintain, conduct, or engage in commercial cannabis activity on any real property owned or controlled by that property owner that is located in the City.

C. Subsection A above shall prohibit all activities for which a State license is required pursuant to the MAUCRSA, as the same may be amended from time to time. Accordingly, the City shall not issue any permit, license or other entitlement for any activity for which a State license is required under the MAUCRSA, as the same may be amended from time to time. The City shall also not issue any local license to a non-profit entity pursuant to California Business and Professions Code section 26070.5.

D. To the extent not already prohibited by subsection A above, all deliveries of cannabis or cannabis products for non-medical purposes, to or from any location are expressly prohibited. No person shall conduct or perform any delivery of any cannabis or cannabis products for a non-medical purpose, which delivery either originates or terminates within the City. This subsection shall not prohibit any person from transporting cannabis through the jurisdictional limits of the

City for delivery or distribution to a person located outside the City, where such transport does not involve delivery or distribution within the jurisdictional limits of the City.

5.16.040 Exceptions

A. Notwithstanding Section 5.16.030 above, the delivery of medical cannabis from a business located outside the City and licensed under the MAUCRSA, or any other provision of law that permits State licenses for medical cannabis businesses, shall be permitted into the City.

B. To the extent that the following activities are permitted by State law, nothing in this chapter shall prohibit a person 21 years of age or older from:

1. Possessing, processing, purchasing, transporting, obtaining or giving away to persons 21 years of age or older, without compensation whatsoever, not more than 28.5 grams of cannabis not in the form of concentrated cannabis;

2. Possessing, processing, purchasing, transporting, obtaining or giving away to persons 21 years of age or older, without compensation whatsoever, up to eight grams of cannabis in the form of concentrated cannabis;

3. Smoking or ingesting cannabis or cannabis products except as prohibited by California Health and Safety Code section 11362.3;

4. Possessing, transporting, purchasing, obtaining, using, manufacturing, or giving away cannabis accessories to persons 21 years of age or older without compensation whatsoever; or

5. Engaging in the cultivation of six or fewer live cannabis plants upon a single parcel of real property.

C. This chapter shall also not prohibit any commercial cannabis activity that the City is required by State law to permit within its jurisdiction pursuant to the MAUCRSA.

5.16.050 Violation, Penalty

Any commercial cannabis activity or activity conducted in violation of this chapter is unlawful and is hereby declared a public nuisance, which may be abated pursuant to the provisions of the Loyalton Municipal Code or any provision of State law providing for the abatement of nuisances. In addition to any other enforcement permitted by this Section 5.16.050 of the Loyalton Municipal Code, the city attorney or district attorney may bring a civil action for injunctive relief and civil penalties against any person or entity that violates this chapter. In any civil action brought pursuant to this chapter, a court of competent jurisdiction may award reasonable attorneys' fees and costs to the prevailing party. Notwithstanding the penalties set forth in any other provision of the Loyalton Municipal Code, no provision of any other provision of the Loyalton Municipal Code or this Chapter 5.16 authorizes a criminal prosecution, arrest or

penalty inconsistent with or prohibited by Health and Safety Code section 11362.71, et seq. or section 11362.1, et seq., as the same may be amended from time to time. In the event of any conflict between the penalties enumerated under any other provision of the Loyalton Municipal Code and any penalties set forth in State law, the maximum penalties allowable under State law shall govern.”

SECTION 3. The Ordinance has been assessed in accordance with the authority and criteria contained in the California Environmental Quality Act (“CEQA”), the State CEQA Guidelines, and the environmental regulations of the City. The City Council hereby determines that the adoption and implementation of the Ordinance is eligible for a class 5 categorical exemption for minor changes in land use limitations and will not have a significant environmental impact. The Ordinance is exempt from the environmental review requirements of CEQA pursuant to Section 15305 of Title 14 of the California Code of Regulations. The City Council hereby determines further that the Ordinance is exempt from the requirements of CEQA pursuant to CEQA Guidelines Section 15061(b)(3) because it can be seen with certainty that there is no possibility that the adoption and implementation of the Ordinance to prohibit commercial cannabis activity except for the delivery of medical cannabis will have a significant effect on the environment. The adoption and implementation of the Ordinance will not result in a permanent alteration of property nor the construction of any new or expanded structures. The City Council has made this determination of exemption based on its own independent judgment. The City Council, therefore, directs that a Notice of Exemption be filed with the County Clerk of the County of Sierra in accordance with CEQA Guidelines.

SECTION 4. Severability. If any section, subsection, subdivision, sentence, clause, phrase, or portion of this Ordinance for any reason is held to be invalid or unconstitutional by the decision of any court of competent jurisdiction, such decision shall not affect the validity of the remaining portions of this Ordinance. The City Council hereby declares that it would have adopted this Ordinance, and each section, subsection, subdivision, sentence, clause, phrase, or portion thereof, irrespective of the fact that any one or more sections, subsections, subdivisions, sentences, clauses, phrases, or portions thereof be declared invalid or unconstitutional.

SECTION 5. Restatement of Existing Law. The adoption of this Ordinance shall not in any manner affect the prosecution for violations of ordinances, which violations were committed prior to the effective date hereof, nor be construed as a waiver of any penalty or the penal provisions applicable to any violation thereof.

SECTION 6. Publication. The City Clerk shall cause this Ordinance to be published at least once in a newspaper of general circulation published and circulated in the City within fifteen (15) days after its passage in accordance with Section 36933 of the Government Code, shall certify to the adoption of this Ordinance and shall cause this Ordinance and the City Clerk’s certification, together with proof of publication, to be entered in the Book of Ordinances of the Council of this City.

SECTION 7. Declaration of Facts Supporting Urgency Ordinance. This Ordinance is adopted under the authority of Sections 36934 and 36937 of the California Government Code. The AUMA provides that the State shall begin issuing licenses to cannabis businesses under Division 10 of the California Business and Professions Code by January 1, 2018 and the State has begun to issue such licenses. California Business and Professions Code section 2605-5(e) provides that a State licensing authority shall not approve an application for a State license for commercial non-medical cannabis activity if approval of the State license will violate the provisions of any local ordinance. The MMRSA allows the City to completely prohibit commercial medical marijuana activities. Alternatively, a city may choose to regulate medical marijuana uses along with the State (although the city ordinances must be as strict) or to leave regulation to the State. In the absence of this Ordinance, the City of Loyalton would be required to follow State regulations for medical and non-medical, adult use cannabis activities; consequently, the absence of this Ordinance may pose an immediate public safety threat to health, safety and welfare of the children and others within the City. In the absence of the immediate effect of this Ordinance, the safety of children and other potential victims within the City will be threatened or imperiled. For these same reasons, the character of the City may be forever altered and property values would also be substantially impacted. Therefore, the City Council finds, determines and declares that the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, safety and welfare necessitates the enactment of this Ordinance as an urgency ordinance.

SECTION 8. Effective Date. This Ordinance shall go into effect and be in full force and effect immediately after its passage by 4/5 vote of the City Council.

Introduced, passed and adopted at a special meeting of the City Council held on the 6th day of September 2018, by the City Council of the City of Loyalton, State of California, by the following roll call vote, to-wit:

AYES:

NOES:

ABSTAIN:

ABSENT:

CITY OF LOYALTON

, Mayor

APPROVED AS TO FORM:

Steven C. Gross, City Attorney

ATTEST:

, City Clerk